

Present network security on whoi ships.

- 1) firewall on the ship between the router and the ship's network (highly restrictive)
- 2) Firewall on shore router (somewhat open)
- 3) Access control lists on ship and shore routers (for incoming connections)

Shipboard access to internet:

- 1) Only 4 "browsers" per ship, 1 linux and 1 osX machine, 2 science machines, but no windows.
- 2) All browsers are located in public spaces
- 3) Browsers are allowed to use only 80, 443 and 3128 (proxy server)
- 4) No wireless access to ship's network or internet.
- 5) No change even when connected to dock or swap, except for windows updates.
- 6) Dhcp is currently supported

All oncoming windows machines are checked.

- 1) up to date virus definitions
- 2) reasonable service pack level
- 3) scan for suspicious open ports

New network security model (starting next month)

- 1) 4 networks
 - a) sssg but with no dhcp and tight access control (all data collecting stuff, web server and email)
 - b) science jungle , including wireless access(all machines supplied by science)
 - c) ship's business (all machines operated by the port office)
 - d) staterooms
- 2) Rules 1, 2 and 3 from the present model are unchanged.
- 3) Science, ship and stateroom networks are not checked or monitored
- 4) All networks have access to email and web from sssg network, and have access to ntp, dns and dhcp
- 5) When a hi speed network connection is available, networks 2, 3 and 4 have full internet access.

Jim Akens, whoi