DESSC Early Career Scientists Workshop December 7, 2013

How to prepare for a cruise
How to play well with others
What to expect at sea
How to get the most out of your cruise
What to look out for

Human Occupied Vehicle - Alvir



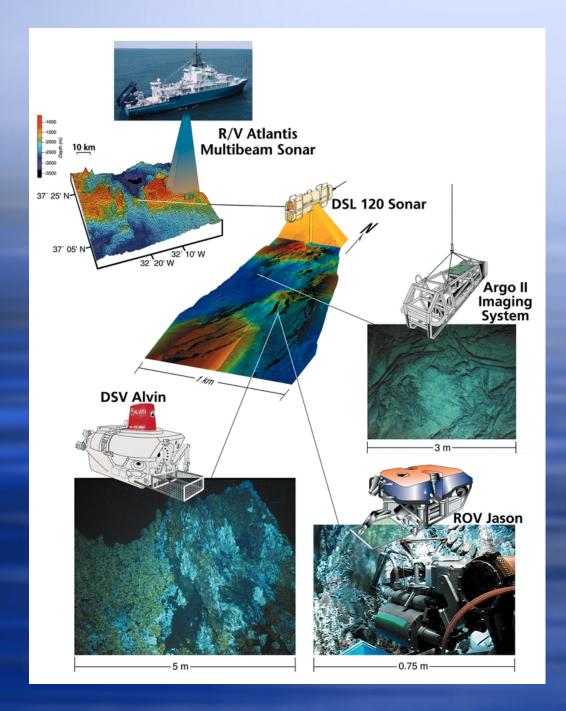


South Pacific

North Pacific

Life at Sea for The Investigators





Site Surveys Know your area! Get the most and best maps you can

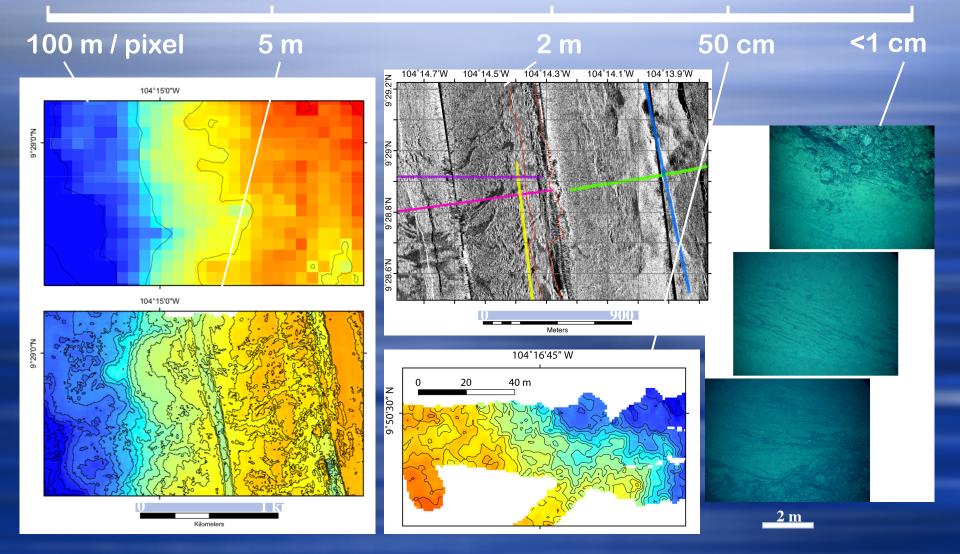
Find out all you can about your research area.

High Resolution Data Sets for the EPR ISS

Multi-beam ABE Imagenex 12 kHz 675 kHz, 40m alt

DSL-120A Alvin Imagenex 120 kHz, 100 m alt 675 kHz, 5 m alt

TowCam 5 m alt



Cruise Planning Web Site

Oceanographic Institution

MEDIA JOBS E-NEWSLETTER CONTACT

SUPPORT WHOI

HOME

ABOUT WHO!

RESEARCH

PEOPLE

SHIPS & TECHNOLOGY

EDUCATION

NEWS & MULTIMEDIA

OCEAN TOPICS

SHIPS & TECHNOLOGY

Ships

Underwater Vehicles

Ocean Observatories

Instruments

Cruise Planning

- Ships
- NDSF Vehicles
- Other Vehicles

National Deep Submergence Facility

Cruise Planning

Preparing for a seagoing expedition involves many months (often years) of planning. There are many forms and documents to prepare; there are many criteria to be met and logistical issues to sort out; there are even issues of personal preparation. The most successful research cruises are typically the ones that are planned early, with an awareness of both the big picture and the fine details. To start, please indicate if you are using :

- » Ships
- » NDSF Vehicles
- » Other Vehicles

And, review the following resources:

- » Ship/ROV Schedules
- » Agent Information
- » Cruise Planning Questionnaire
- » Cruise Synopsis
- » WHOI Winch Pool
- » Cruise Forms
- » Ship & NDSF Contacts
- » COI Small Boat Fleet
- » Shared Equipment
- » Vessel Chartering (pdf)
- Wood Packing Material -WPM Regulations

SHARE THIS: < 🔀 💟 🛐 🔀 TOOLS: 🚍











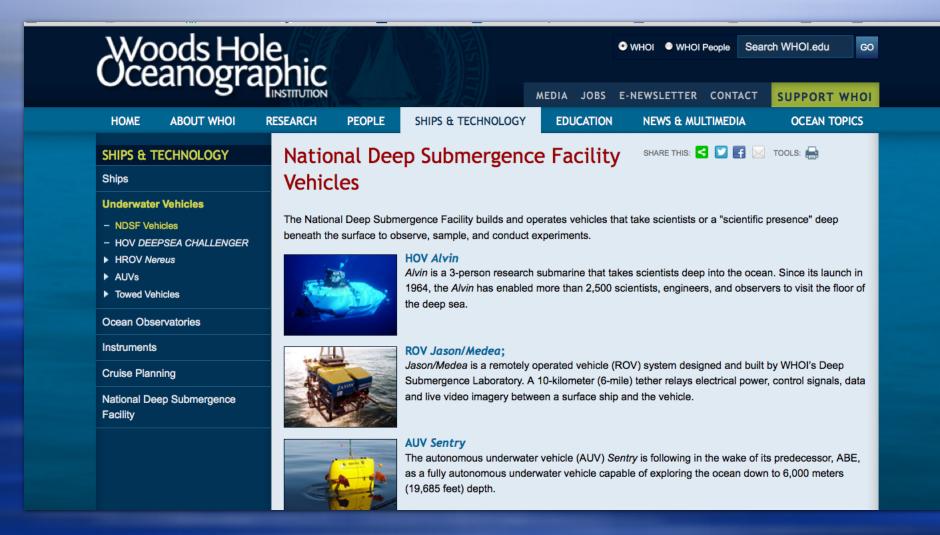
Cruise planning involves bringing together diverse people and equipment for a scientific cruise. Here the ROV JASON is being loaded aboard the Research Vessel Knorr (Tom Kleindinst - WHOI)

Successful Cruise Planning

- Gather a good group of scientists and students - need "worker bees"
- Pre-plan specific dives and objectives
- Make sure you have all the equipment and computers and ship them early
- Plan for sample prep and shipping
- Decide on night-time operations

Do your homework beforehand!

Know about vehicle capabilities





MEDIA JOBS E-NEWSLETTER CONTACT

SUPPORT WHOI

HOME

ABOUT WHO!

RESEARCH

PEOPLE

SHIPS & TECHNOLOGY

EDUCATION

NEWS & MULTIMEDIA

OCEAN TOPICS

SHIPS & TECHNOLOGY

Ships

Underwater Vehicles

Ocean Observatories

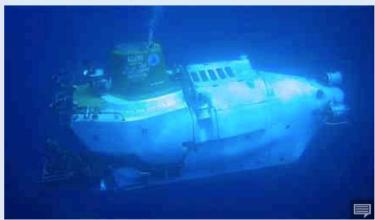
Instruments

Cruise Planning

National Deep Submergence Facility

- About NDSF
- ▼ HOV Alvin
 - ▶ Alvin Upgrade
 - Specifications
 - User Manual
 - Dive Log & Metadata
 - History of Alvin
 - Visual Tour
 - FAQs
 - Where is Alvin Now?
 - Schedule
- ROV Jason/Medea
- ▶ AUV Sentry

Human Occupied Vehicle Alvin



WHOI operates the U.S. Navy-owned Deep Submergence Vehicle Alvin for the national oceanographic community. Built in 1964 as one of the world's first deep-ocean submersibles, Alvin has made more than 4,400 dives. It can reach nearly 63 percent of the global ocean floor.

The sub's most famous exploits include locating a lost hydrogen bomb in the Mediterranean Sea in 1966, exploring the first known hydrothermal vent sites in the 1970s, and surveying the wreck of RMS Titanic in 1986.

Alvin carries two scientists and a pilot as deep as 4,500 meters (about three miles) and each dive lasts six to top hours. Using six reversible









Special Multimedia Feature



Alvin Interactive Guide

The deep diving submersible Alvin

helped to turn a sunless, freezing marine world into a new frontier.

Alvin Around the World



Alvin Dive Sites (1988 to present) See where Alvin has been and what it has found. (Requires Google Earth)

Multimedia





SLIDESHOW Alvin in Photos

Practice a Dive with Virtual Alvin or Jason Virtual Control Van



AlvinFG System
Home
Overview
Architecture
Documentation
About

Show: Google Map View: CruiseID

O By Year Custom...

<u>2010</u>

AT18-03 Dives 4660 - 4664 AT18-02 Dives 4638 - 4659

AT15-69 Dives 4637 - 4637

AT15-68 Dives 4629 - 4636

AT15-67 Dives 4619 - 4628

AT15-63 Dives 4592 - 4618 AT15-59 Dives 4586 - 4591

2009

<u>2008</u>

2007

2005

≥ 2004 ≥ 2003

2002

2000

1994

1992

1991

<u>1990</u>

1988

► Related Links

The Alvin Frame-Grabber System
Statistics: 87 Cruises 873 Dives 1091558 Images

From the menu on the left, select a year and cruiselD or press <u>Custom...</u> for more search options. Note: A gray <u>CruiselD</u> indicates that the dive data is not publically available. For a Google Earth interface to Alvin Frame-Grabber Dives, click here.





Jason Virtual Control Van



Search WHOI.edu

HOME

ABOUT WHO!

RESEARCH

PEOPLE

SHIPS & TECHNOLOGY

EDUCATION

NEWS & MULTIMEDIA

E-NEWSLETTER CONTACT

OCEAN TOPICS

GO

SHIPS & TECHNOLOGY

Ships

Underwater Vehicles

Ocean Observatories

Instruments

Cruise Planning

National Deep Submergence Facility

- ▶ About NDSF
- ▶ HOV Alvin
- ▼ ROV Jason/Medea
 - Specifications
 - ▶ User Manual
- ▼ Data Acquisition
 - ▶ Sonar
 - Video
 - Virtual Control Van
 - Data Products
- Schedule
- Operations Summary

Advision and a Control Parket

- FAQs

Jason Virtual Control Van

Today's scientific underwater remotely operated vehicles (ROVs) generate a tremendous amount of data collected from a variety of sensors in real-time. Often integrated information such as multiple video streams, vehicle telemetry, and scientific data are only available to the users in the ROV control-van during real-time operations. Although all the data is logged, it is extrememly difficult for scientists to re-create this integrated information and have the ability to view and access an entire cruise data set in an integrated fashion.

We introduce a methodology of taking real-time information snapshopts during events that occur within the ROV control-van. We snapshot "interesting" events as defined whenever a scientists enters an event via a computer, and we also take snapshots at regular time intervals such as once a minute to ensure complete data coverage. As part of the *Jason* ROV upgrade, we have developed the Virtual Van data acquisition system that automatically captures the information in the control-van during ROV operations including up to four simultaneous video sources, vehicle data, scientific instrument data, and event data. These control-van snapshots are automatically cataloged and immediately accessible and search able via a web-browser. The system is designed for both scientific and public outreach needs and has been integrated with the SeaNet system to provide remote on-shore access for scientific collaboration and public outreach. This technology of real-time image and data snapshots along with integrated web-based access has been extremely successful and has been



A view inside the Contol Van.



Shown above is a diagram of the layout and information available in the Jason Virtual Control Van. Features of

Alvin Dive Replay



Marine Geoscience Data System - the place to find data





♦ Home

About

Contribute Data

Tools & Services

Data Portals

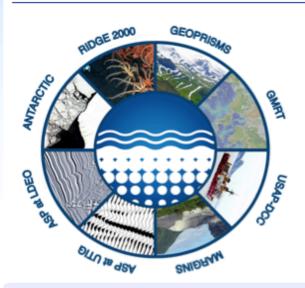
Education

Contact

Search for Data



Data Portals



Our Data Portals provide custom access to data and metadata cataloged within the integrated Marine Geoscience Data System. Each Data Portal provides custom search options as well as an interactive map to facilitate data discovery.

Each Data Portal also provides news, references, cruise information, the names of contributing scientists, and other program-specific information. Select a Data Portal from the image or by using the Data Portals pulldown menu.

Our Integrated Search Interface can be used to discover data cataloged in our integrated system including all of our Data Portals. By contrast, Custom Search Interfaces (e.g. MARGINS, GeoPRISMS, Ridge 2000) limit results to data within a specific Data Portal.

Hosted by Marine Geoscience Data System at Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory of Columbia University of This site licensed under Creative Commons Attribution-Noncommercial-Share Alike 3.0 | Acknowledgements | Part of the IEDA Data Facility of Columbia University of Columbia Un





* Home

About

Contribute Data

Tools & Services

Data Portals

Education

Contact

Search for Data



► II



Contribute

Contribute sensor-based data files for inclusion in our data system and get credit for your data. Learn how >



Find Data

Search our catalog of over 412,000 files from 2,395 programs across the globe. Search > Browse >



Tools & Services

Discover, explore, and visualize data using our suite of visualization tools & services. Learn more >



Explore our planet with GeoMapApp

GeoMapApp[©]

Search



GeoMapApp Links

- GeoMapApp Home
- o FAQ
- Help Pages
- Tutorials You Tube
- Citing GeoMapApp
- o Data Holdings
- Education
- GeoMapApp At Sea
- Image Gallery
- o Development History
- eNewsletters

Download Links

New! August 1, 2013: GeoMapApp version 3.3.8

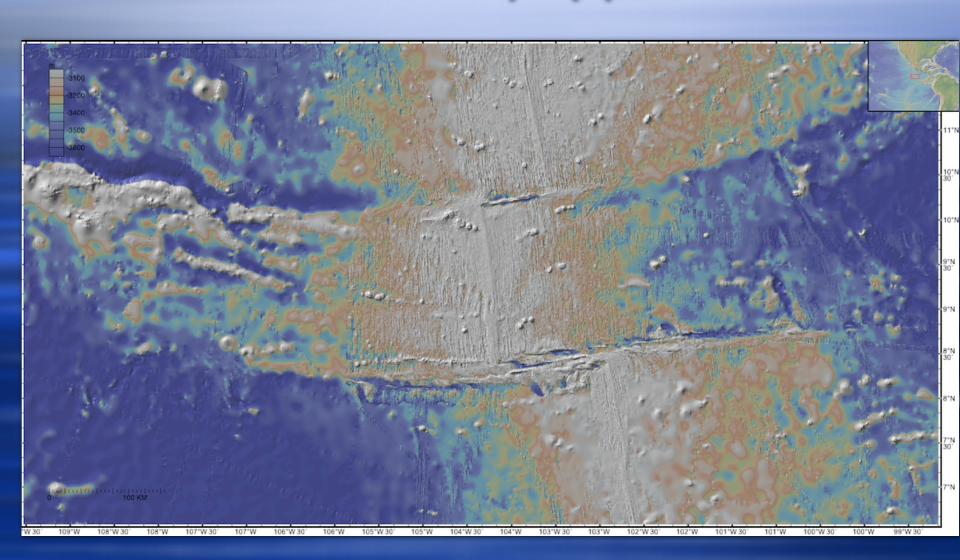
GeoMapApp is an earth science exploration and visualization application that is continually being expanded as part of the Marine Geoscience Data System (MGDS) at the Lamont-Doherty Earth Observatory of **Columbia University**. The application provides direct access to the Global Multi-Resolution Topography (GMRT) compilation that hosts high resolution (~100 m node spacing) bathymetry from multibeam data for ocean areas and ASTER (Advanced Spaceborne Thermal Emission and Reflection Radiometer) and NED (National Elevation Dataset) topography datasets for the global land masses.

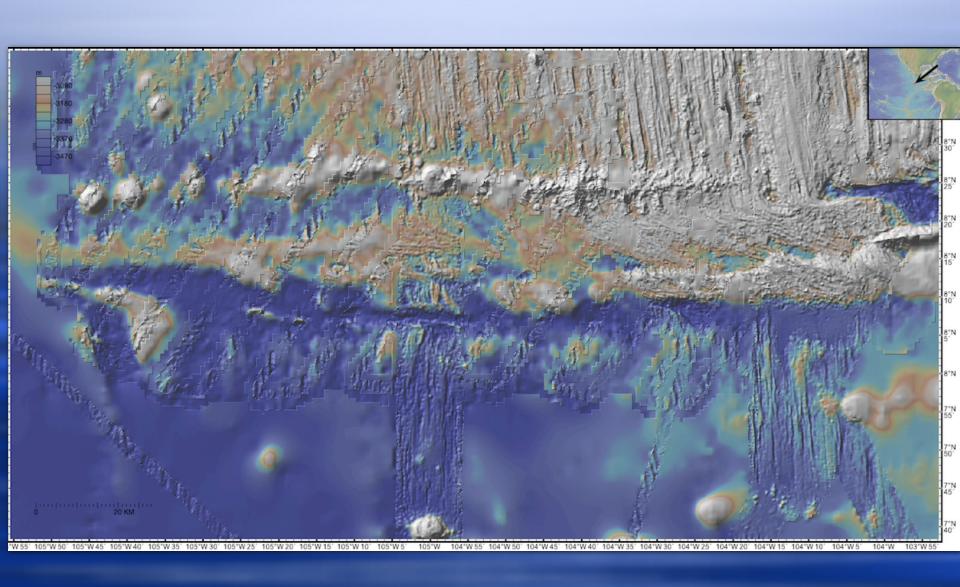
Requirements

The application runs in the Windows XP, Windows Vista, Windows 7, Windows 8, Mac OS X (10.4, 10.5, 10.6, 10.7, 10.8), Linux and Solaris operating systems using the <u>Java Runtime Environment</u> (requires version 1.5.0_08 or more recent).

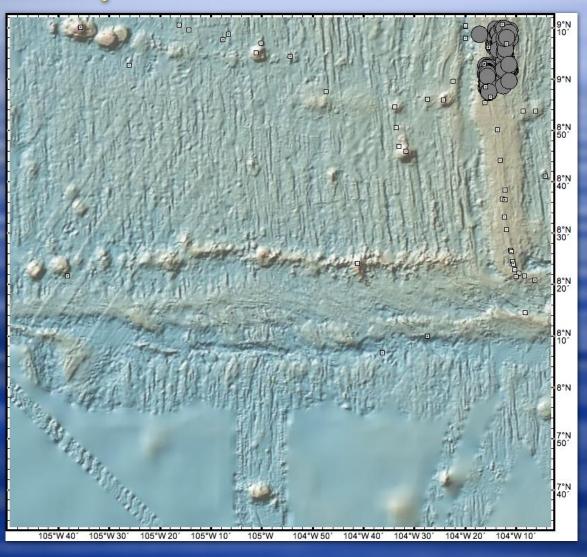
Use the **Download Links** on the left to install the application.

GeoMapapp

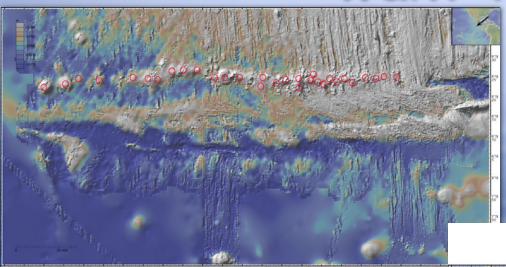




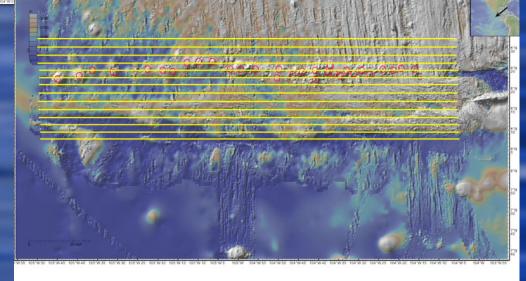
Sample Locations PetDB



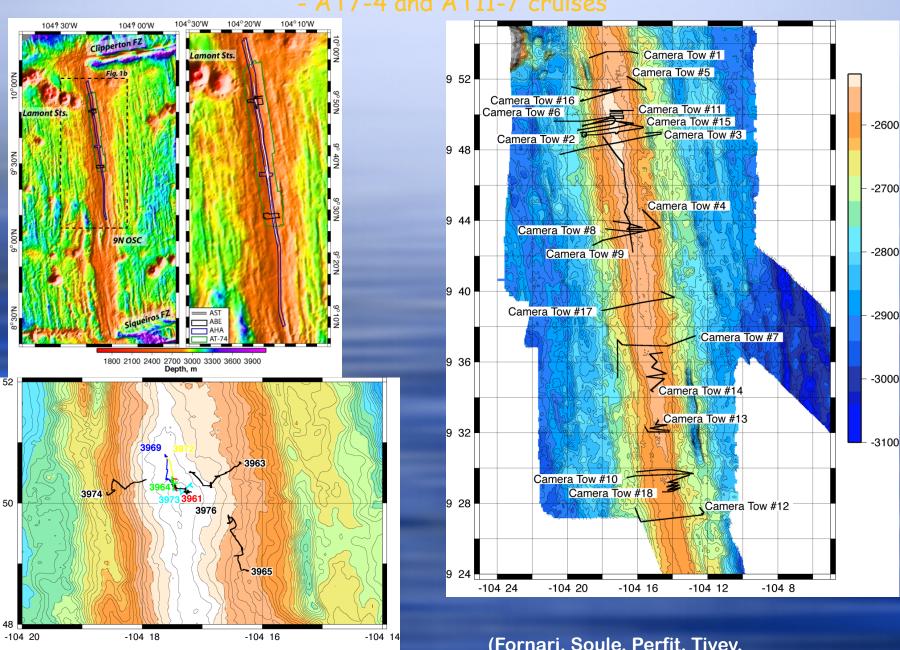
Plan where and what you want to do



22 nm x 103 nm box 3000 m = 1.6 nm 14 lines x 12 hr/line = 7 days for multibeam and underway geophysics (mag/gravity)



EPR High-Resolution Bathymetric, Sidescan, and Magnetics Datasets - AT7-4 and AT11-7 cruises



-2700

-2600

-2800

-3000

-2900

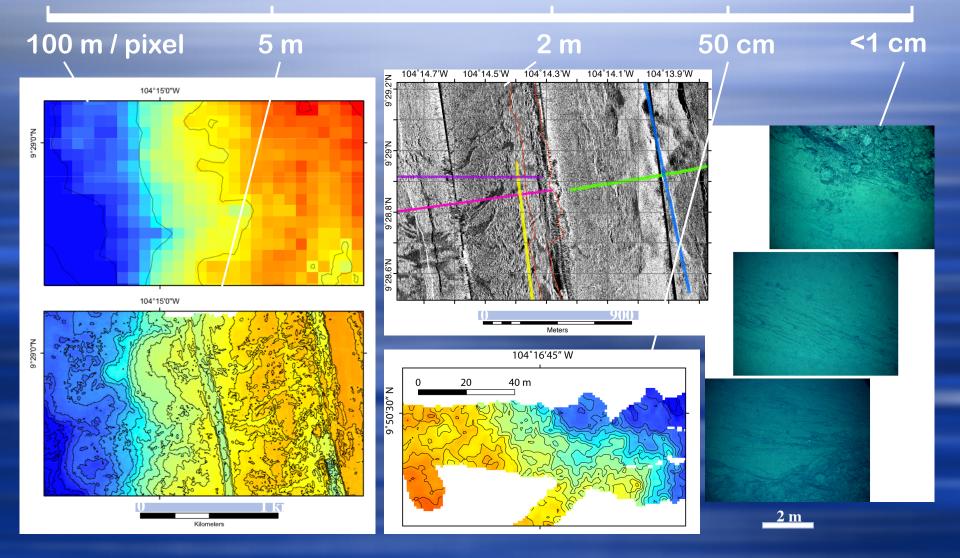
(Fornari, Soule, Perfit, Tivey, Schouten, Escartin, publications)

High Resolution Data Sets for the EPR ISS

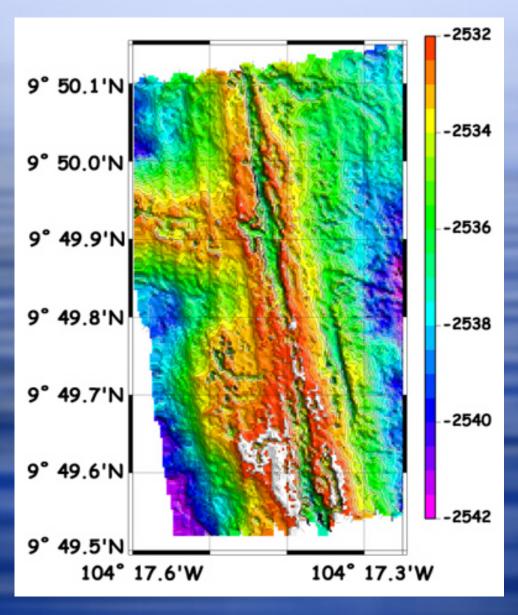
Multi-beam ABE Imagenex 12 kHz 675 kHz, 40m alt

DSL-120A Alvin Imagenex 120 kHz, 100 m alt 675 kHz, 5 m alt

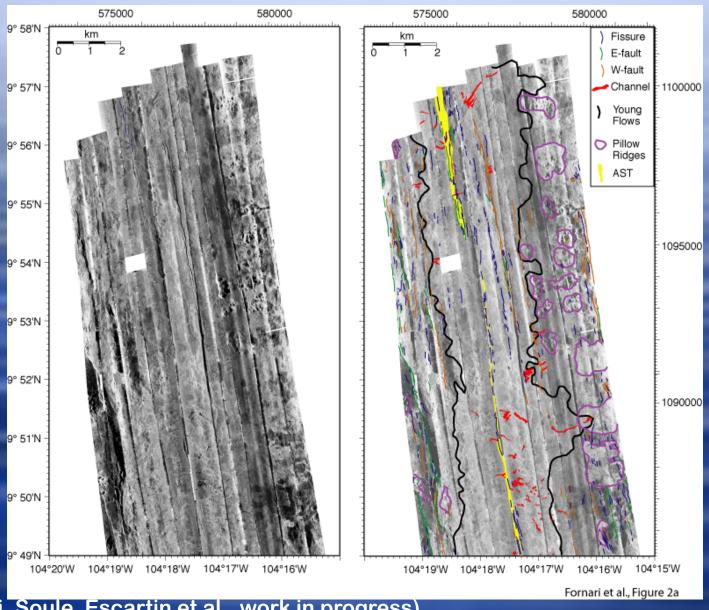
TowCam 5 m alt



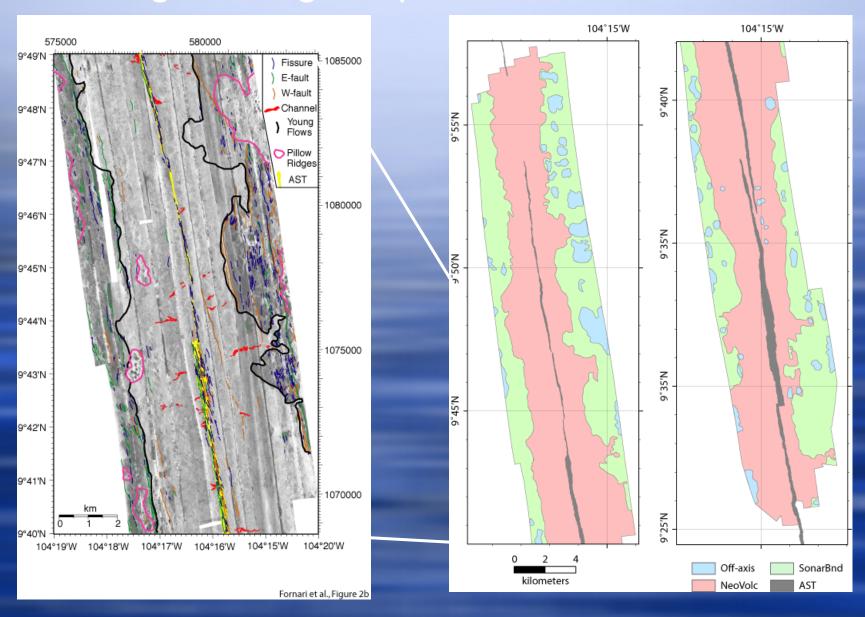
Microbathymetry - Axial Summit Collapse Trough



Volcanic and Tectonic Interpretation of DSL-120A Sidescan Data



Producing a Geologic Map of the EPR Crest 9°-10°N









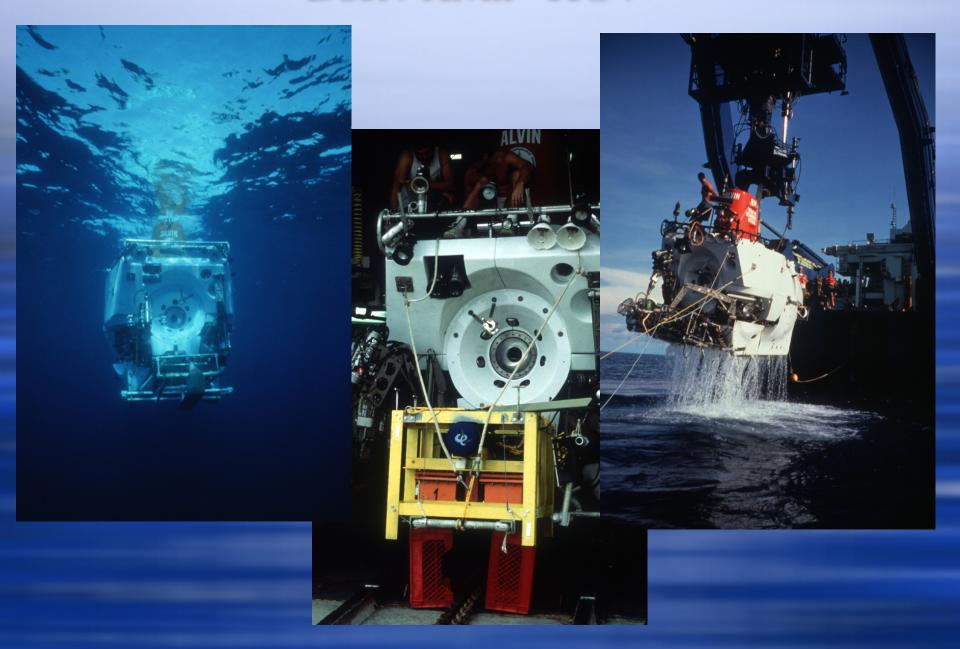
Pre-dive Preparation

Make sure the Expedition Leader and Pilots are totally aware of dive objectives - have a plan Basket + external equipment configured the night before dive.

Don't attend "mexican food night" pre-dive



DSRV Alvin - HOV

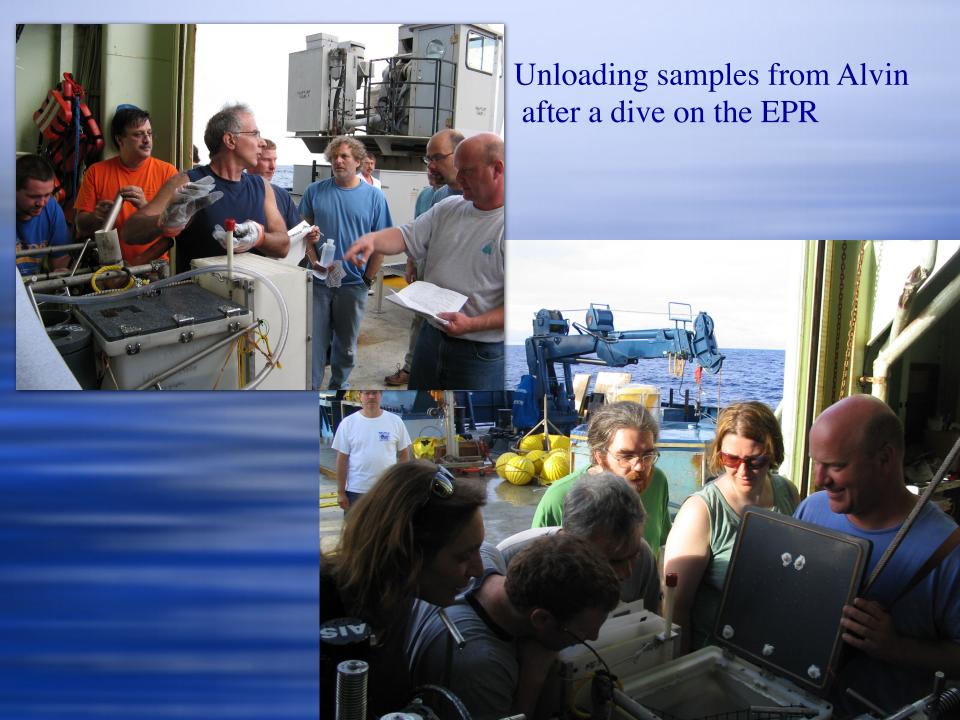






IN THE "BALL"





Sample processing



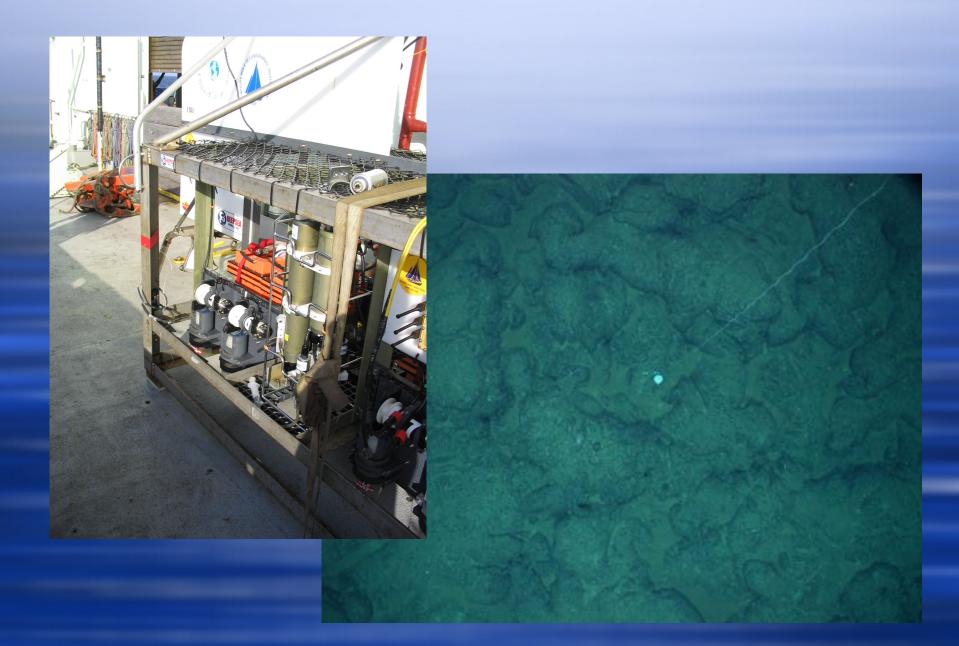


Other Operations Generally at Night





Towcam and wax-ball sampler



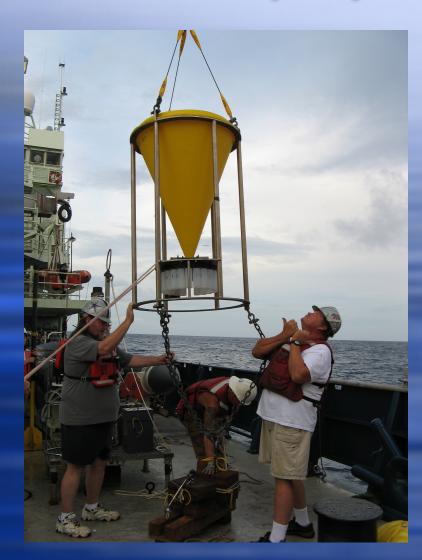
Dredging



Dredging Technique



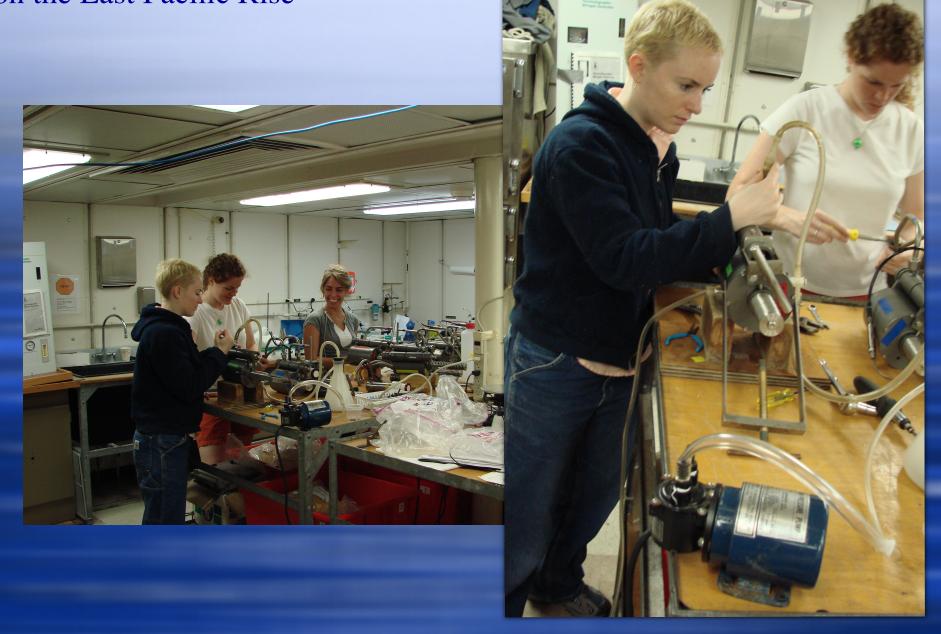
Deploying Equipment





Students analyzing hydrothermal fluids from smokers





Tica Site - EPR - 2004





