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Tritium Laboratory

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SWAB REPORT # 873

SWAB DATE: 1 July 2017

R/V Nathaniel B. Palmer

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Distribution:
SWAB Committee
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COMMENTS TO SWAB REPORTS

12 May 2014

Typical LSC instrument background values for ^3H and ^{14}C are 2 and 5 cpm, respectively. The LSC is a Tricarb 2910 TR with the low level counting option.

All samples are counted for 60 minutes, the instrument background is subtracted, and activities are reported in dpm/m^2 . Bucket blank activities are not subtracted. Counting errors (2 standard deviations) are also reported in dpm/m^2 . An error larger than the activity indicates that the activity is not significantly different from zero.

Criteria for SWAB Results

Category	^3H (dpm/m^2)	^{14}C (dpm m^2)	Recommendations
A	<500	<50	No action
B*	500-10,000	50-10,000	Needs cleaning before any natural tracer work. Decks in radiation vans with activities above $1000 \text{ dpm}/\text{m}^2$ should be cleaned.
C**	10,000-100,000	10,000-50,000	Must be cleaned before any use.
D***	>100,000	>50,000	May be a health hazard. Notify local radiation safety official.

Note: ^{14}C and ^{35}S have peak energies of 156 and 167 KeV, respectively; thus ^{35}S will be registered as ^{14}C by our counting techniques. Categories A, B and C are not a health hazard.

Recommended Cleaning Procedure

Wearing ordinary household rubber gloves:

^3H : Wash and scrub with radioactive cleanup detergent such as COUNT-OFF (50 ml COUNT-OFF to 4 liters of water), using sponges to distribute solution and reabsorb it.

^{14}C : Wash with 1% sulfuric or 2% hydrochloric (muriatic) acid with good ventilation (will dissolve carbonates, releasing $^{14}\text{CO}_2$). Follow up with wash as if for ^3H .

Disposal of Cleaning Materials (gloves, sponges, etc)

Categories A & B dispose as ordinary garbage, C & D contact your institution's radiation safety office.

Note: If category C or D is encountered, we try to notify the institution promptly by phone or email.

REPORT FOR SWAB # 873

LOCATION: Sydney, AU
VESSEL: *R/V Nathaniel B. Palmer*

DATE: 1 July 2017
TECHNICIAN: Jim Happell

Sample #	Sample Identification	³ H dpm/m ²			¹⁴ C dpm/m ²		
		activity	±	error	activity	±	error
1	1st Vial Bkgnd	0	±	0	0	±	0
2	Initial bucket blank	-6	±	23	9	±	38
	<u>Aft Dry Lab (Figure 1)</u>						
3	Starboard benchtop	-25	±	45	15	±	41
4	Starboard benchtop	-64	±	112	23	±	44
5	Starboard benchtop	-5	±	19	-6	±	25
6	Deck in front of starboard benchtop	-17	±	70	9	±	41
7	Deck in front of starboard benchtop	-8	±	31	6	±	39
8	Deck in front of starboard benchtop	-44	±	78	28	±	41
9	Deck near aft door	-28	±	49	23	±	40
10	Final bucket blank	-20	±	35	12	±	40

Comments

Please note that the error reported for each isotope is the two-standard deviation counting error. The reports may now contain values less than zero. When decay counting background samples will be distributed about the background vial, which means that negative values are possible. In the past we rounded the negative values to zero. Values are only significantly above background when they are positive and larger than the error. All areas tested on the ship were free from any isotope contamination that requires cleaning. These samples were collected because natural abundance ¹⁴C samples were going to be stored in the Aft Dry Lab.

Figure 1
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Aft Dry Lab 1036 sq. ft.

