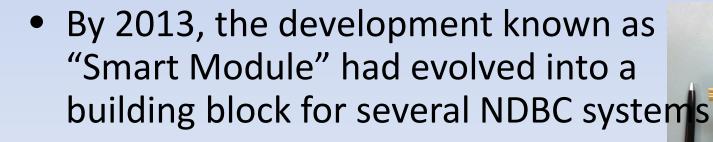




Smart Module History



- In 2008, started development to convert (dumb) analog sensors to (smart) digital sensors
 - Acquired analog data
 - Processed data
 - Provided a serial message to payload







Smart Module Features



SM Board



Smart Module Patent Filed

- Very low power (12 μ Amps standby current)
- Compact (Board 10.2 x 2.8 cm & Enclosure 15.2W x 8.9D x 8.2H cm)
- Iridium short burst data (SBD) two way communications
- IEEE 802.15.4 Network (XBee wireless network)
- No exposed antennas
- GPS
- Compass with tilt and gyro correction
- 32 GB data storage
- MSP430 processor (very low power processing and control)
- Real Time Operating System (RTOS)
- ❖ Low cost (< \$1K parts)</p>
- 2 analog sensor ports with calibration function
- 1 serial sensor port (2 ports in wireless reporting mode)
- Switched Sensor Power port
- No external power switch Always on
- Backup power for position reporting only (four, 9V batteries)



Smart Module Assembly



Iridium Modem

SM Circuit board with microcontroller, GPS chip, Micro SD card, & XBee wireless plug-in module

Iridium & GPS antenna

Four, 9V batteries





Smart Module Applications



Special Purpose Applications

- Smart humidity sensor
- 3rd party sensor interface (National Marine Fisheries, NASA, Northern Gulf Institute)
- Standalone Weather Station

Operational Applications

- GPS position reporting (9V backup power)
- Weather data transmission
- BuoyCAM
- SCOOP



Fish Tracker



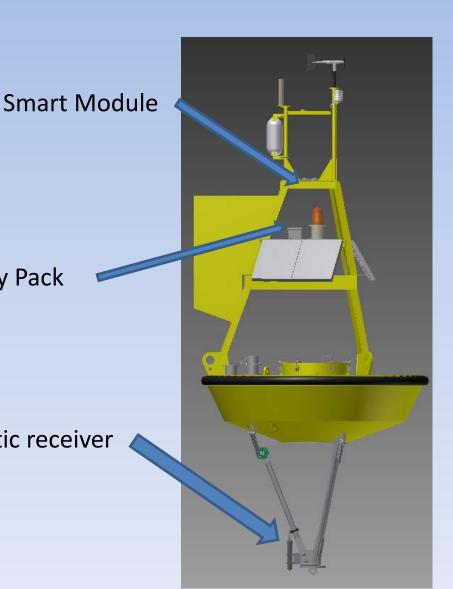
SMART MODULE:

- Controls power to receiver
- Receives sensor RS-232 data messages
- Processes sensor data
- Transmits sensor data to shore

NOAA's Southwest Fisheries
Science Center partnered with
NDBC to add a standalone
system to an NDBC Weather
buoy to report acoustic pings
from fish tags.

Battery Pack

Vemco VR2C acoustic receiver





Lightning Detection

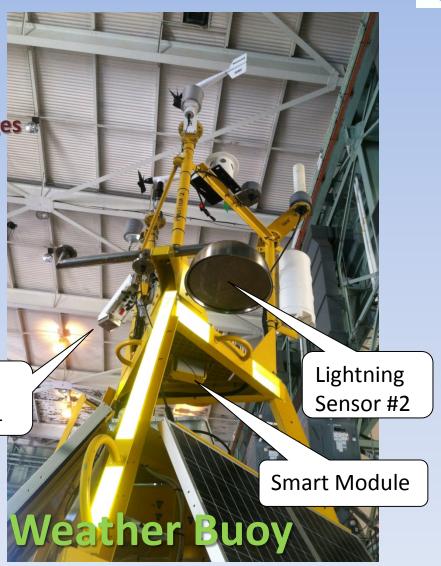


SMART MODULE:

- Controls power to sensors
- Receives sensor RS-232 data messages
- Processes sensor data
- Transmits sensor data to shore

Installed electric field sensors (lightning) on two 3-m buoys to support NASA engineers project

Lightning Sensor #1





CDOM, Turbidity & Chlorophyll









SMART MODULE:

- Controls power to sensors
- Processes sensor data
- Sends sensor data message to buoy system

Processed Data to Buoy Transmitter

Chlorophyll & Turbidity

CDOM



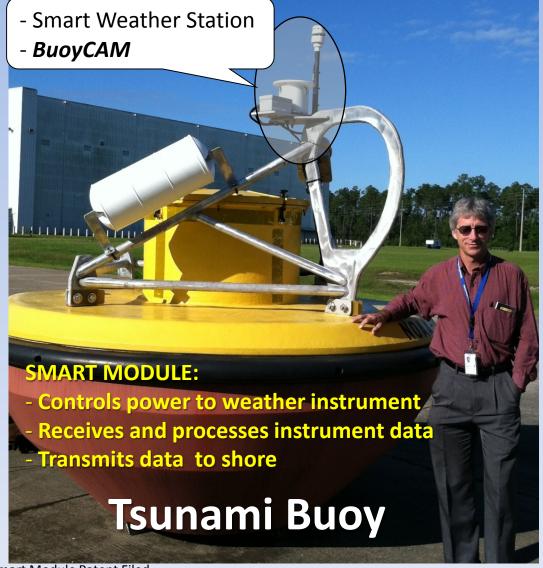
Northern Gulf Institute sensors were added to 10-m buoy in Gulf Of Mexico

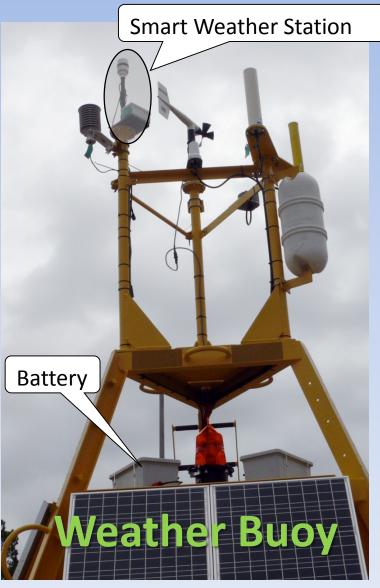




Standalone Weather



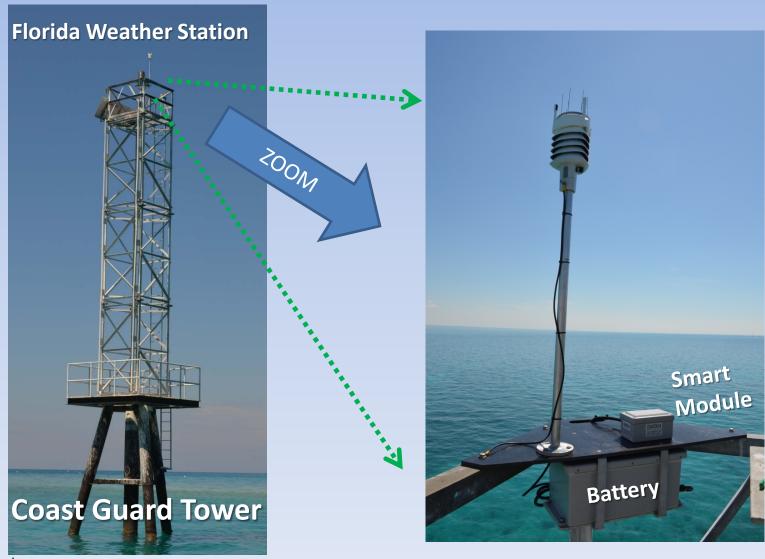






Standalone Weather







Transmitter Application



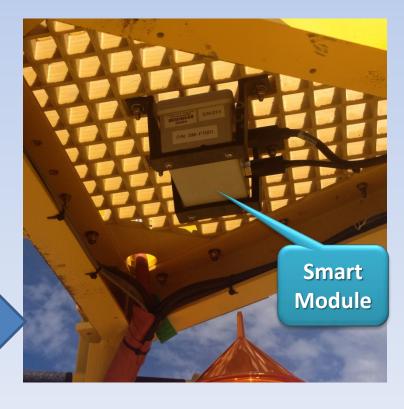


- ✓ Backup GPS position reporting (internal 9V)
- ✓ Backup weather data reporting
- ✓ Mounted in protected area

3 Meter Weather Buoy Application



ZOOM





Transmitter Placement Matters



Storms & Ships can be rough on buoys







Smart Module Patent Filed **44013 46011 42007**



Backup Transmitter



Backup transmitter on Florida CMAN station has provided weather data after primary GOES transmitter system failed





BuoyCAM



CAMERA HEAD

- 5 cameras
- Ocean environment enclosure & lens
- Embedded Linux processor
- Smart Module: Controls power and housekeeping

TRANSMITTER & BATTERY

- Smart Module:
 - Transfers pictures from Linux system using off-the-shelf "XBee" Wi-Fi module
 - Controls Iridium RUDICS modem to transmit pictures to shore
- Lithium battery supply



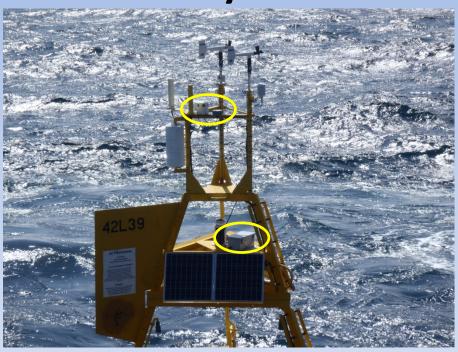




BuoyCAM



Weather Buoy Installation



Sample Pictures

TAO Installation







SCOOP



Self-Contained Ocean Observation Payload

MET Tube

5 SM's control & interface MET, Camera, AIS Rx'er, Iridium modems (RUDICS & SBD)

POWER

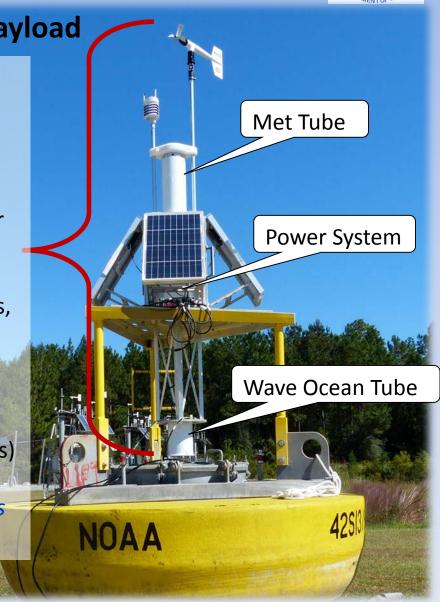
1 SM interfaces to a smart battery controller

WAVE & OCEAN

2 SM's control & interface Directional Waves, Sea Surface Temperature, and Ocean Temperature profile (9 depths)

Auxiliary Tube - NOT SHOWN
 1 SM for 3rd party interface (power & comms)

All SM's communicate on a IEEE 802.15.4 wireless network





Smart Module Benefits to NDBC



- Less cost than present backup data transmission & position reporting systems
- Increased reliability of NDBC data reporting
- Less risk to NDBC mission critical systems for 3rd party sensor Interfaces
- Building block for different applications (i.e., re-usable)
- Less development effort than larger more complicated NDBC devices





