#### **ROV Manipulator-Based Drilling for Deep Submergence Science** DESSC Presentation Dec. 2015

## **MOTIVATION:**

US scientists currently have very limited access to benthic seafloor drill systems and the capability for sample recovery and creating borehole environments for experiments

There is a need for a small, multi-vehicle compatible sampling system that can collect oriented cores for a wide range of biogeochemical, petrological and geophysical studies in diverse seafloor terrains and rock types.

### **EXISTING TECHNOLOGIES:**

Most current (2015) 'portable' drill systems are large, stand-alone drilling "ROVs" capable of drilling in water depths of ~200-3000 m, and most are designed for drilling in sediment although a few have proven capability for hard rock penetration.

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# MARUM-MeBo70 drill rig

The drill head is mounted on a carriage on the drill mast. Rotary drilling is used for driving the drill string into the sea floor and cutting the cores.

In contrast to land based drilling remote control is required since the operator won't have access to the rig at the sea floor.

The rig is powered by an electro-hydraulic engine that runs at 3000 V.

MeBo ist liftet by an umbilical to the sea floor. The umbilical is also used for energy supply from the research vessel and data transmission for remote control.

> Core barrels and drill rods for core drilling down to 80 m are stored on two rotating magazines on the drill rig.

Individually adjustable supporting feet are lowered before landing on the sea bed in order to insure the stability on a soft or uneven bottom.



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## **EXISTING LARGE, PORTABLE DRILLING SYSTEMS:**

MARUM drill capable of operations to 2000 m water depth (80 m penetration into the seafloor)

https://www.marum.de/en/MARUM-MeBo70\_drill\_rig.html

BGS (British Geological Survey) rock drill <u>http://www.bgs.ac.uk/scienceFacilities/marine\_operations/</u> <u>15m\_rockdrill.html</u>

Gregg Marine http://www.greggmarine.com/marineequipment/ seadrillequipment/aboutseadrill.html

Williamson & Assoc – WA drill <u>http://www.wassoc.com/ocean-engineering/drills</u>



From D. Levitt proposal to NOAA OER (2012) Design concept for a robotic core drilling system for use with human occupied and robotic submersibles.

The drill system is designed to be handled by a manipulator, like the Titan 4, but with an anchoring system, which greatly reduces the reaction forces. The Cadtrak anchoring system makes use of 4 hydraulic deployable arms each with a small anchor drill at its tip.

The anchor drills consist of diamond-tipped ball-end drill bits for robust entry and exit from a drill hole. The arms are hinged at the end of a drilling frame and swing down to engage the rock. The anchor drills penetrate the rock by a small amount and when the arms are locked in place a stable drilling platform is created. The forces of engagement produced by the anchor drills are directed in opposition to each other, further minimizing the reaction forces on the manipulator. **ROV Manipulator-Based Drilling for Deep Submergence Science** DESSC Presentation Dec. 2015

REQUEST FOR INTEREST IN DEVELOPING A CONCEPT 'WHITE PAPER' AND PROPOSAL TO DEVELOP A MANIPULATOR-BASED SMALL DRILL SYSTEM

#### **Progress to Date:**

NDSF – Alvin & Jason group leaders have provided hydraulic, electrical and data specs for each vehicle to help with conceptual design of a manipulator-based drill system

#### Fornari has contacted:

Honeybee Robotics (Kris Zacny, VP for Engineering) Schilling Robotics (Tyler Schilling, President) David Levitt (CTO, Spiral Water)

#### To date several investigators have expressed interest:

Karla Hubbard – Oberlin College Samantha Joye – U. Georgia Ken Rubin – U. Hawaii Masako Tominaga- UT-Galveston Adam Soule – WHOI Dan Fornari - WHOI

Next Steps...