U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION - MARITIME ADMINISTRATION



MARITIME ADMINISTRATION

Office Of Environment

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OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENT

Two primary missions

MARAD Environmental Compliance

Maritime Industry Stakeholder Assistance

- Vessel owners and operators
- ✓ Port, shipyards
- Federal, state, local environmental regulatory and resource agencies
- Public

Maritime Industry Environmental Drivers

Challenges = Opportunities for Innovation

- We are seriously lagging landside transportation in environmental innovation
- Need for technologies that work in the marine environment – ballast water treatment, exhaust gas treatment
- Need for demonstration of and innovation in alternative fuels and energy
- Need for advanced systems and technologies for energy efficiency and conservation

Maritime Industry Stakeholder Support

Maritime Environmental and Technical Assistance (META) Program

- > Objectives
 - Stimulate technology advances for improved sustainability
 - Address critical marine transportation environmental issues
 - Collaborate among Federal, state and local agencies/organizations, academia, industry and public stakeholders

META Focus Areas

Maritime Use of Alternative Energy/Air Emissions

- Natural Gas
- Advanced Renewable "drop-in" Biodiesel
- Hybrid propulsion
- Solar/Wind
- Fuel Cells

Exhaust Gas Treatment Technology

SCR and Scrubbers

Other Vessel Discharges

Ballast Water Treatment/Hull Biofouling

Marine Application of Fuel cells

MOU with DOE Established June 2013 to Evaluate Fuel Cell Applications for the Maritime Transportation Industry Port Equipment and Vessels

Key Issues

- Size, Weight, Power
- Cost
- Power Integration and Regulation
- Source of Hydrogen
- Hydrogen or Reformation of Other Fuels, Biogas
- Safety/Fuel Storage

Marine Application of Fuel cell

MOU with DOE established on June 2013

- On-going project on marine fuel cell project
 - Prototype demonstration of fuel cell auxiliary power unit for shore/shipboard power
 - Collaboration with multiple industry partne
 - Hybrid hydrogen PEM fuel stack in a 20' container
 - 100kW 230V AC 3 phase
 - Power for 10 refer containers
 - ABS and USCG approval





Current marine fuel cell project (FY 2014 currently under planning)

- Shipboard technology demonstration of fuel cell for auxiliary power
 - 10kW s120-240 V AC solid oxide fuel cell
 - JP-8, ULSD, No. 2 diesel

Fuel Cell Reefer Project

- Designed to replace a diesel generator - 20 ft. TEU, 100kW nominal power~ 200 reefer hours of continuous operation – 10 reefers
- Assess operating and cost parameters
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- Partner with Sandia, Hawaii Ports, Young Brothers, Navy



Ship Auxiliary Power & Propulsion

Shipboard technology demonstration of fuel cell for auxiliary power

- ✓ Work with the Navy
- Demonstrate Aboard MARAD ship
- ✓ Small Fuel Cell 10kW s120-240 V AC
- ✓ Major Focus is on Fuel Reformation JP-8, ULSD, No. 2 diesel

Zero Emission Ferry

- Partnership with Sandia National Laboratory & Red & White Fleet
- Design Feasibility Study for High Speed Ferry and Shore-based Storage and Fueling Station Serving vessels, cars, buses and trucks
- ✓ 2,500 kg/day capacity & 80% base utilization
- ✓ 150 passenger, 35 kts

Zero Emission Ferry

* **OPERATION**

- * 23 nm one-way
- Each round trip uses about 500 kg LH2
- Daily logistics: Two morning round trips
- * Refuel in less than 1 hr.
- Two afternoon round trips
- Designing the ferry to meet the long distance

* PERFORMANCE

- * 35 knots
- * Zero emissions
- * 130' x 39' preferred size envelope, 150' long is maximum
- * <100 Gross Registered Tons
 (GRT)</pre>
- 90% MCR (i.e., power margin)
- Prefer one refueling per day.





Future Fuel Cell Opportunities

- Future marine fuel cell projects
 - Shipboard auxiliary power with higher power fuel cell
 - Ship propulsion Research Vessel/Tug
 "Cold Ironing"/Shore Power for vessels
 Port applications port equipment/ back-up power

Alternative Fuels Natural Gas Renaissance?

- Driver -- Looming ECA and Search for Alternatives to ULSD
- * META Response

* Government Partnership

- * Met with agencies that have a role in LNG in January 2013 (DOE, FERC, USCG, PHMSA, et al)
- * Goal Identify current hurdles, issues, and gaps

* 2012 Natural Gas Feasibility Study

- * Great Lakes centric but transferable
- * Assessed availability, infrastructure needs, regulations, and safety
 - Expanded to Ohio River and Lower Mississippi



Natural Gas Continued

2013 Infrastructure, Bunkering, and Feasibility Study

- * Performed by DNV
- * Identifies issues, regulatory gaps, and provides best practices

2013 Total Fuel Cycle Study

- * "well to hull" for NG versus conventional fuels
- Performed by UDEL/RIT cooperative partnership
- * 3 scenarios: international, coastal, inland
- * Overall reduction of SOx, PM, CO₂ -- BUT GHG

2014 Methane Slip and Release Study

- * UDEL/RIT
 - Engine slip, system leaks with bunkering

Natural Gas Continued

Demonstration Projects

* TOTE

- * Emissions Analysis
- * Lessons Learned
- Pittsburgh Region Clean
 Cities
 - Fumigation Technology (off the shelf; modified for the tug)
 - Emissions Analysis and Lessons learned
 - Insight into Refueling Options





Advanced Renewable Fuel Oil Tests Bio-Diesel

Two MARAD Ship Tests of Blended Bio-Diesel/ULSD vs. ULSD

- * Results IT WORKS
 - * Reduction of NOx, SOx, CO, CO₂, PM and Sulfur
 - * No Changes in Engine Operation
 - * No Changes in Material Condition of Engine

Longer-term Study with Scripps School of Oceanography

* Underway

Aquatic Invasive Species

- Three US Based Ballast Water
 Treatment System Testing Facilities certified as part of IL for USCG and IMO testing
- * Support Field Scientific Teams for Ship Board Tests
- * Assist in Developing Tools to Monitor Efficacy of the BWTS and Compliance
- * Underwater Hull Fouling Underwater Hull Cleaning







Thank You www.marad.dot.gov