FIC Support of Coastal / Local Vessels



Trends and Challenges

"Near Coastal" UNOLS Vessels on the East Coast

R/V HUGH R SHARP
R/V SAVANNAH
R/V FORT WALTON SMITH



Jon Swallow
Director, Marine Operations

HUGH R SHARP

SAVANNAH





F. WALTON SMITH

Smaller UNOLS Vessels on the East Coast

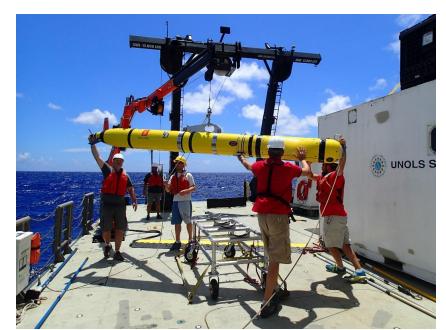
Designed to work in "Near Coastal" waters (within 200nm of shore)

Advantages of Smaller Vessels:

- Lower day rates
- Can work in estuaries and near shore
- Smaller Crews
- A lot of "bang for the buck"









High Capability in a Small Package

Provides flexibility and ability to outfit the ship for different kinds of missions





High Capability in Smaller Packages





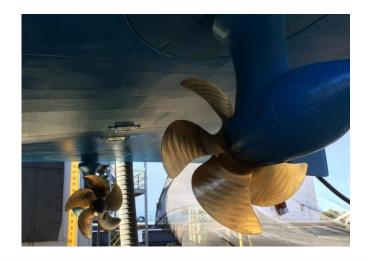


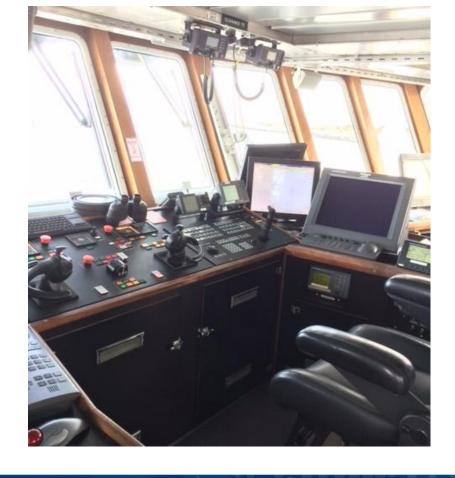


Precision Navigation and Maneuverability

Azimuth Drive Propulsion

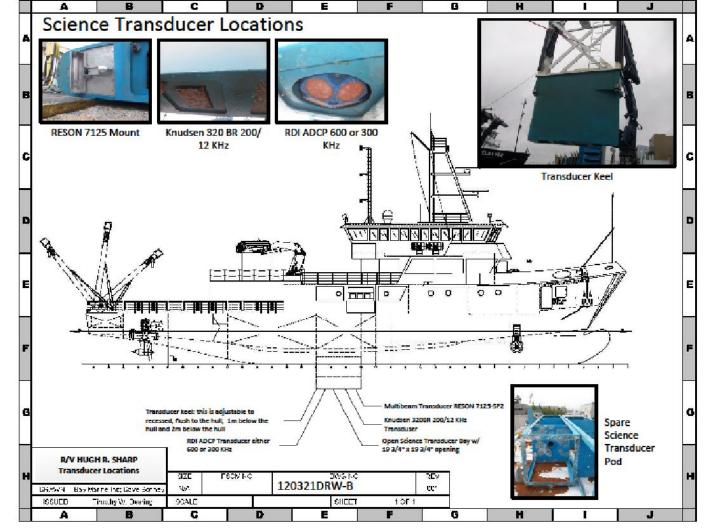
Dynamic Positioning System















R/V HUGH R SHARP Challenges

- Utilization trend is downward A common issue for smaller UNOLS vessels
 - See chart on following slide.
 - Low utilization impacts revenue to cover costs for Crew, Maintenance,
 Repairs, Upgrades, and Outfitting.
- Aging of the ship Though well maintained and many upgrades completed, the SHARP is entering its 18th season of service.
 - Vessel Condition Survey and Mid-Life Planning Study due.
 - UD and SHARP User Requirements Study needed.
 - Increased cost and shortage of service support and parts for complex ship systems.



- Aging and Retiring Crew Includes Captain and senior Engineers.
- Shortage of Licensed Mariners (particularly Engineers) to fill vacancies.



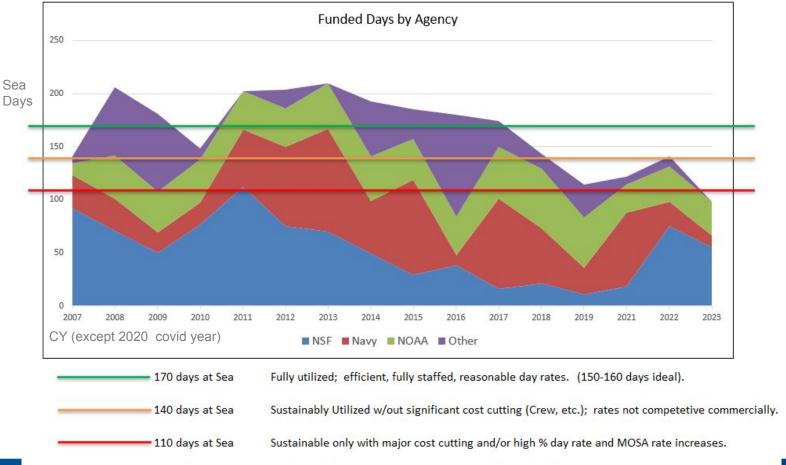
R/V SHARP Utilization Trend

The Primary Foundation:

ONR = Red

NSF = Blue

Enables Other
Research:
Other = Purple
NOAA = Green





Note: Funded days at sea shown; funded home port days begun in CY2019 are not shown.

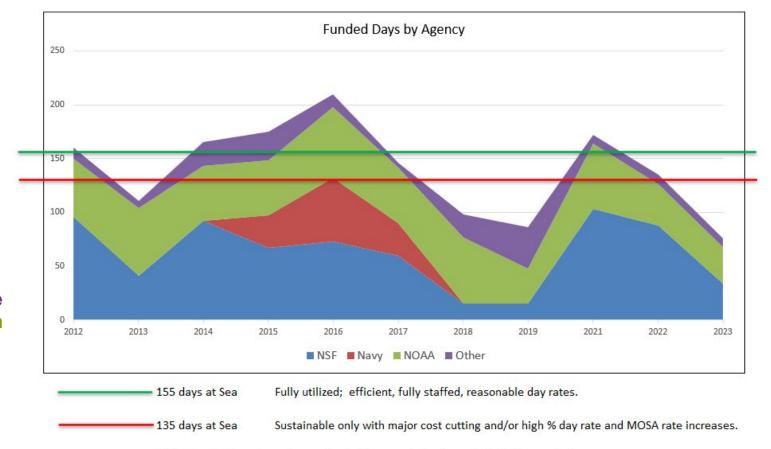
R/V SAVANNAH Utilization Trend

The Primary Foundation:

ONR = Red NSF = Blue

Enables Other Research:
Other = Purp

Other = Purple NOAA = Green



Note: Funded days at sea shown; funded home port days begun in CY2019 are not shown.

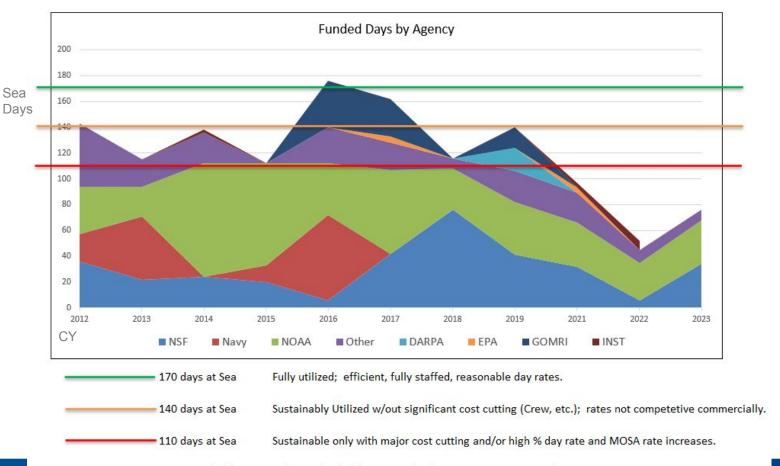




R/V Fort Walton Smith Utilization Trend

Notes:

- 2022 low due to alongside for engines replacement.
- 2020 not included due to covid pandemic







Impacts of inconsistent Federal Agency Usage

- "Seesaw funding" and downward utilization trend =
 - Revenue to cover fixed costs is downward.
 - "Survival Mode" Management most of each year impacts the ability to focus on the long term.
 - Increases difficulty of hiring new crew (can't guarantee consistent work / income)
 - Minimally staffed on the ship and in the office.
 - Significant effort is spent trying to fill gaps in the schedule with commercial research. Day rate competition is stiff with less capable commercial vessels.
- Difficult to plan for future investments in a ship when it is not consistently fully utilized.





Questions and Opportunities to Explore

- Are less ship days being requested for smaller vessels? Why?
- Are there unknown or unmet near-coastal vessel science needs?
- Are there ways to better balance demand between larger and smaller vessels on the east coast?
- Are there capabilities that need to be added to the smaller vessels?
- Is there a way for Agencies to commit to a minimum number of operational days to ensure Fleet sustainability and capacity?
- Opportunities:
 - Fund more STEMSEAS or Early Career Scientist cruises on small vessels?
 - Inspires students to seek careers in oceanographic research at a reasonable cost.
 - Adds Agency funded days to vessels during low Agency utilization years
 - State or Institutional funded education cruises
 - Seek commercial research to fill gaps (i.e. Offshore Wind).



STEMSEAS students on SHARP during 2022 cruise



