DEFCON: Hack the Sea Personal Experiences

John Zage



What is Defcon?

- One of the world's most notable hacker conventions
- Includes:
 - Computer Security Professionals
 - Journalists
 - Lawers
 - Federal Government Employees
 - Security Researchers
 - Hackers



2019 Hack the Sea Village

- Members of the maritime community at DEFCON faced similar issues;
 they seek to solve them through collaboration
- Participants included:
 - American Bureau of Shipping
 - Coastguard
 - ABS Security
 - Fathom5 Security
 - Maritime and Port Security ISAO
 - Hackers
- Some of the challenges are too large to solve individually, EG
 Operational Technology (OT) Security



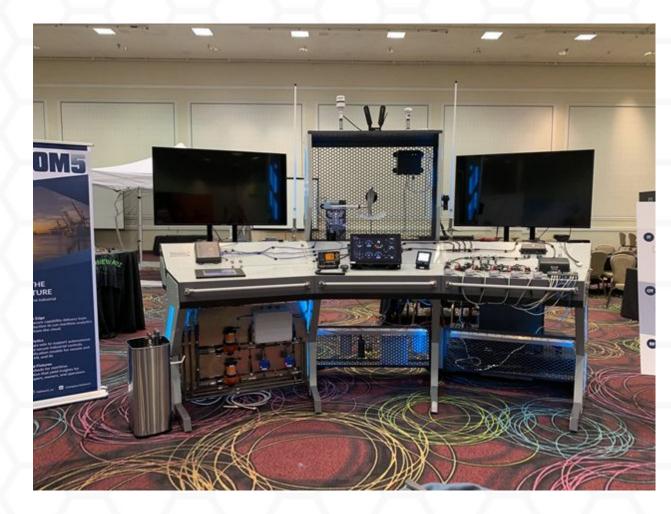
Why Collaborate?

- Too many facets to consider, too many vulnerabilities for one individual or organization to solve
- Sharing cybersecurity intelligence can prevent additional victims being hit by the same attack
- Additional minds on a problem can lead to improved solutions



2019 Hack the Sea Village

- Villages are dedicated spaces arranged around a specific topic in DEFCON Held Hack the Sea CTF
- - Fathom5 security provided GRACE, a maritime infosec lab for hackers to learn on
 - Originally designed for US Navy





2019 Hack the Sea Village

- Topics discussed included:
 - Policy Talks
 - Cargo Management, smart cargo & EDIFACT
 - GDMSS, including AIS (Automated Identification System)
 - Navigation, including ECDIS, GPS, and radar
 - Propulsion
 - Communications, including Satcom and NMEA protocols



Personal Experiences

- Firmware Analysis
- Propulsion talk



State of Operational Technology Security

- Cybersecurity of OT discussed during various talks
- Issue with OT: layers of binary files
 - Fundamental Supply Line Issue: components of OT software are created by different manufacturers
 - Each manufacturer compiles binary, passes it onto the next manufacturer up the chain
 - Ends up with no one manufacturer having access to the source code of the OT device
 - Cybersecurity Researcher would have immense difficulty performing a security review of the OT device



Firmware Analysis - Presented by Kyle O'Meara

- Workaround for not having source code of OT:
 - Open source tools that decompile
- OT systems on the ships have Images of their standard configuration stored online by the system vendors, as a binary files
 - Accessible with serial and device numbers from the ship OT
- TROMMEL CERTCC was showcased (https://github.com/CERTCC/trommel)
 - Python script used to search through imbedded files for vulnerability indicators, such as:
 - Unsecure system calls, SSH Key Files, IP Addresses, Specific Binary Files



Propulsion- Presented by REdoubt

- Focused on vulnerabilities in engine propulsion firmware
- Tested on B&W 12S90ME-C Mark 9.2 and Wartsila-Sulzer RTA96-C Flex
- Engines use unsafe unencrypted communications between engine and control system (old version of ModBus)
- There is a new version of ModBus that is encrypted
- Old version can have replay attacks and spoofed messages
- Hacker was able to cause engine to shut down, fooling the engine to think it was not getting the correct power



Resources

 Visit https://hackthesea.org/ for more info or contact info@hackthesea.org for DEFCON 2020 plans



Questions?

